

## **Safety Data Sheet**

## Section 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name • Instant Power® Professional Toilet & Urinal Cleaner

Product Code • MSDS No.: 8808

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified use(s) • Toilet Bowl Cleaner

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer • Instant Power Corporation

1255 Viceroy

Dallas, TX 75247 United

States

www.instantpowerpro.com sales@instantpowerpro.com

**Telephone (General)** • 1-800-334-2077

**EU Supplier** • Robimatic Ltd.

Sandall Stones Road

Kirk Sandall Industrial Estate Doncaster DN3 1QR United

Kingdom

robimatic@polypipe.com

**Telephone (General)** • +44 (0) 1302-790-790

Fax • +44 (0) 1302-790-088

1.4 Emergency telephone number

• 1-800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC (USA)

1-703-527-3887 - CHEMTREC (International)

#### Section 2: Hazards Identification

#### **EU/EEC**

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)/REACH 1907/2006 [amended by 453/2010] According to EU Directive 67/548/EEC (DSD) or 1999/45/EC (DPD)

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

• Skin Irritation 2 - H315 Eye Irritation 2 - H319

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation - H335

DSD/DPD • Irritant (Xi)

Irritant (Xi)
 R36/37/38

## 2.2 Label Elements

#### CLP

#### WARNING



Hazard statements • H315 - May cause skin irritation

H319 - May cause serious eye

irritation H335 - May cause respiratory

Precautionary statements

**y** irritation

**Prevention** • P261 - Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response** • P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P321 - Specific treatment, see supplemental first aid information.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage/Disposal • P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national,

and/or international regulations.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

#### DSD/DPD



Risk phrases • R36/37/38 - Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

**Safety phrases** • S26 - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

#### 2.3 Other Hazards

CLP

• According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) this material is considered hazardous.

• According to European Directive 1999/45/EC this preparation is considered dangerous.

## United States (US)

According to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**OSHA HCS 2012** 

Skin Corrosion 1B - H314
 Serious Eye Damage 1 - H318
 Acute Toxicity Inhalation 4 - H332

## 2.2 Label elements

#### **OSHA HCS 2012**

#### **DANGER**





#### Hazard statements •

May cause severe skin burns and eye damage. - H314

May cause serious eye damage - H318 Harmful if inhaled - H332

# Precautionary statements

Prevention • Do not breathe dusts or mists. - P260

Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray. - P261

Wash thoroughly after handling. - P264

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. - P271

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. - P280

**Response** • IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. - P304+P340

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. - P312

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower. - P303+P361+P353

Specific treatment, see supplemental first aid information. - P321

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. - P363

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. - P305+P351+P338

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. - P310 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. - P301+P330+P331

Storage/Disposal • If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. - P101

Store locked up. - P405

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or

international regulations. - P501 Keep out of reach of children. - P102

#### 2.3 Other hazards

OSHA HCS 2012

 Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

#### Canada

**According to WHMIS** 

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

WHMIS • Very Toxic - D1A Corrosive - E

#### 2.2 Label elements

**WHMIS** 





 Very Toxic - D1A Corrosive - E

#### 2.3 Other hazards

**WHMIS** • In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

See Section 12 for Ecological Information.

## Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

Material does not meet the criteria of a substance in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Composition						
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive	Comments	
Hydrochloric acid	CAS:7647-01-0 EC Number:231- 595-7	10% TO 23.5%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 3124 ppm 1 Hour(s)	EU DSD/DPD: Annex I - C; R34; Xi: R37 EU CLP: Annex VI - Skin Corr. 1B, H314; STOT SE 3, H335 OSHA HCS 2012: Acute Tox 3 (inhl), Acute Tox 4 (oral); Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1	NDA	

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information. See Section 16 for full text of H-statements and R-phrases.

#### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

 Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin

• Remove and isolate contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if needed.

Eye

• If wearing contact lenses, remove first. Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

• If swallowed, rinse mouth with one glass of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention immediately if ingested.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to **Physician**   All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

# Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing • Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

Media

Unsuitable

• None known.

Extinguishing Media

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards**   Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors: Hydrogen chloride gas.

Can react with metals to generate flammable Hydrogen Gas.

Hazardous Combustion • No data available.

#### **Products**

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

 Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible. SMALL FIRES: Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Wear chemical protective clothing that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

#### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions

• Wear appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate enclosed areas.

Emergency Procedures • ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stop all leaks, isolate hazard area.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

 Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment/Clean-up Measures

 Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

 Refer to Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection and Section 13 - Disposal Considerations.

## **Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling • Avoid breathing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Handle and open container with care. Use only with adequate ventilation. Handle with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage • Keep away from incompatible materials. Keep container/package tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Ventilate enclosed areas. Store locked up and out of reach of children.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

• Toilet Bowl Cleaner.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

## 8.1 Control parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
Result   ACGIH   Canada Ontario   Canada Quebec   NIOSH   OSHA						
Hydrochloric ac (7647-01-0)	Ceilings	2 ppm Ceiling	12 nnm Ceiling	J 1 1	J 1 1	5 ppm Ceiling; 7 mg/m3 Ceiling

Exposure Limits/Guidelines (Con't.)				
	Result	United Kingdom		
Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)		5 ppm STEL (aerosomist and gas); 8 mg/m3 STEL (aerosol mist and gas)		
(1041-01-0)	TWAs	1 ppm TWA (aerosol mist and gas); 2 mg/m3 TWA (aerosol mist and gas)		

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering Measures/Controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions.
If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering
controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits
have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

Respiratory

• Use only with appropriate ventilation. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.

Eye/Face

• Wear eye/face protection including tightly fitting safety goggles.

Skin/Body

• Wear protective clothing including gloves and long sleeved clothing.

General Industrial
Hygiene Considerations

 Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, using tobacco or using the toilet.

**Environmental Exposure Controls** 

• Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste.

#### Key to abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

## 9.1 Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description				
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Blue liquid with a strong acid odor.	
Color	Blue	Odor	Strong acid odor.	
Odor Threshold	Data not determined			
General Properties		•	-	
Boiling Point	Data not determined	Melting Point	Data not determined	
Decomposition Temperature	Data not determined	рН	1	
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	1.13 Water=1	Water Solubility	Soluble	
Solvent Solubility	Data not determined	Viscosity	Data not determined	
Explosive Properties	Data not determined	Oxidizing Properties:	Data not determined	
Volatility		•	-	
Vapor Pressure	Data not determined	Vapor Density	Data not determined	
Evaporation Rate	Data not determined			
Flammability		•	-	
Flash Point	Not relevant	UEL	Not relevant	
LEL	Not relevant	Autoignition	Not relevant	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Data not determined			
Environmental				
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Data not determined			

#### 9.2 Other Information

• No additional physical and chemical parameters noted.

## **Section 10: Stability and Reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

• Reacts with bases.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

• Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

• Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

**Component Name** 

• High temperatures. Do not mix with chlorine bleach, ammonia or other household cleaners or chemicals.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

• Strong acids, bases, metals, metal oxides, hydroxides, carbonates, sulfides, sulfates, oxidizers, organic matter, and certain metals.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

 Thermal decomposition can lead to release of toxic/corrosive gases and vapors; Hydrogen chloride, H2, CO2, and CO.

Data

## **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

CAS

Component Hame	Š	Bata				
Hydrochloric acid (10% TO 23.5%)	7647-01-0	eute Toxicity: orl-rbt LD50:900 mg/kg; ihl-rat LC50:3124 ppm/1H; itation: eye-rbt 5 mg/30S rinse MLD; skn-hmn 4%/24H MLD; eproductive: ihl-rat TCLo:450 mg/m3/1H (1D pre)				
GHS Properties		Classification				
Acute toxicity		<b>EU/CLP</b> •Acute Toxicity - Oral - Classification criteria not met <b>OSHA HCS 2012</b> •Acute Toxicity - Inhalation 4				
Aspiration Hazard		EU/CLP•Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012•Classification criteria not met				
Carcinogenicity		EU/CLP•Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012•Classification criteria not met				
Germ Cell Mutagenicity		EU/CLP•Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012•Classification criteria not met				
Skin corrosion/Irritation		EU/CLP•Skin Irritation 2 OSHA HCS 2012•Skin Corrosion 1B				
Skin sensitization		EU/CLP•Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012•Classification criteria not met				
STOT-RE		EU/CLP•Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012•Classification criteria not met				
STOT-SE		<b>EU/CLP</b> •Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation <b>OSHA HCS 2012</b> •Classification criteria not met				
Toxicity for Reproduction		EU/CLP•Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012•Classification criteria not met				
Respiratory sensitization		EU/CLP•Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012•Classification criteria not met				
Serious eye damage/Irritation	EU/CLP•Eye Irritation 2					
		<u> </u>				

## OSHA HCS 2012 • Serious Eye Damage 1

#### Route(s) of entry/exposure

Inhalation, Skin, Eye, Ingestion

#### **Potential Health Effects**

#### Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)

• May cause corrosive burns - irreversible damage. Harmful if inhaled.

Chronic (Delayed)

 Repeated or prolonged exposure to corrosive fumes may cause bronchial irritation with chronic cough.

#### Skin

Acute (Immediate)

May cause irritation to severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Chronic (Delayed)** 

Repeated or prolonged exposure to corrosive materials may cause dermatitis.

Eye

Acute (Immediate)

• May cause serious eye damage.

Chronic (Delayed)

Repeated or prolonged exposure to corrosive materials or fumes may cause conjunctivitis.

Ingestion

Acute (Immediate)

• May cause irreversible damage to mucous membranes.

Chronic (Delayed)

 Repeated or prolonged exposure to corrosive materials or fumes may cause gastrointestinal disturbances.

Carcinogenic Effects

 The components of this material are not found on the following lists: FEDERAL OSHA Z LIST, NTP and IARC; therefore, they are not considered to be, nor suspected to be, cancer-causing agents by these agencies.

#### Key to abbreviations

LD = Lethal Dose
MI D = Mild

TC = Toxic Concentration

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Insta	nt Power® Toilet Bowl R	estorer			
Dosage	Species	Duration	Results	Exposure Conditions	Comments
= 282 mg/L	Fish: Gambusia affinis	96 Hour(s)	LC50	NDA	Hydrogen chloride

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

• This product is not expected to persist in the environment.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

#### 12.4 Mobility in Soil

Soluble in water.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

• This preparation contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic(PBT). This preparation contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating(vPvB).

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

• No studies have been found.

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product waste** 

• Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging waste

• Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

## **Section 14 - Transport Information**

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
DOT	UN1789	Hydrochloric acid	8	II	NDA
TDG	UN1789	HYDROCHLORIC ACID	8	II	NDA
IMO/IMDG	UN1789	Hydrochloric Acid	8	II	NDA
ADR/RID	UN1789	Hydrochloric Acid	8	II	NDA
IATA/ICAO	UN1789	Hydrochloric Acid	8	П	NDA

14.6 Special precautions for user

None known.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not relevant.

14.8 Other information

**DOT** • According to 49 CFR 172.101 Appendix A Hydrochloric Acid has a reportable quantity of 5000lbs (2270kg).

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications • Acute

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

#### Section 16 - Other Information

#### Relevant Phrases (code & full text)

• H314 - May cause severe skin burns and eye damage.

R34 - May cause burns.

Last Revision Date

• 4/July/2020

Preparation Date

• 19/June/2013

# Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

• The information provided on this SDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text. It is the responsibility of the end user to determine the applicability and use of this material prior to its use. Consult with your HSE officer prior to the use of this or any other product. Always wear the proper PPE when handling chemicals..

EU CLP/REACH: Language: English (US) WHMIS, EU CLP, EU DSD/DPD, OSHA HCS 2012 NDA = No data available **Format** 

Key to abbreviations